

- Anleitung für Montage und Betrieb
 Transpondertaster TTR 1000
- GB Fitting and operating instructions
 Transponder key switch TTR 1000
- F Notice de montage et d'utilisation
 Transpondeur TTR 1000
- Montage en gebruikshandleiding
 Transponderschakelaar TTR 1000
- E Instrucciones de montaje y de servicio Pulsador transmisor-receptor TTR 1000
- Istruzioni per il montaggio e l'uso
 Pulsante transponder TTR 1000
- P Instruções de montagem e manutenção Leitor de chaves transponder TTR 1000
- PL Instrukcja montażu i użytkowania Sterownik transponderowy TTR 1000
- H Szerelési és működtetési útmutató TTR 1000 transzponder
- cz Nåvod k montáži a obsluze Elektronický zámek TTR 1000

DEUTSCH	3
ENGLISH	14
FRANÇAIS	25
NEDERLANDS	36
ESPAÑOL	47
ITALIANO	59
PORTUGUÊS	70
POLSKI	81
MAGYAR	93
ČESKY	103





ENGLISH

1	Transponder key switch TTR 1000	14
2	Operating instructions TTR 1000	16
2.1	Normal operation	16
2.2	Using the transponder key	16
2.2.1	Assigning a transponder key to the next free memory	
	location	18
2.2.2	Identifying and/or deregistering an available transponder key	19
2.2.3	Cancelling a non-available transponder key	20
2.3	Summary of the memory location menu	21
2.4	Setting the impulse duration	21
2.5	Restoring the ex-factory settings	22
3	List of memory location numbers, names and remarks	23
4	EU Manufacturer's Declaration	23
	Installing the reader (Figure 1)	114
	Installing the decoder (Figure 2)	114
	Connecting the TTR 1000 to the operator (Figure 3)	115

1 Transponder key switch TTR 1000

The transponder key switch TTR 1000 consists of a decoder, to which two readers can be connected (one reader is included in the supply package), and two transponder keys. Up to 1000 transponder keys can be registered with a decoder. The reader and decoder are connected via a simple 2-core cable (supplied ex-factory 5 m long) which can be shortened to 0.5 m or extended to 30 m. This connection carries a safe, low voltage only and is sabotage-proof, i.e. if this cable or the reader are tampered with, unintentional switching actions of the decoder will not result.

The readers can be installed at any desired location, however, if they are installed on metal a distance of at least 2-3 cm must be observed >

02.2008 / TR30G023 RE

(for this item no. 438 488 may be required). It is only when two readers are connected that it becomes necessary to maintain a distance of at least 50 cm between them to ensure that there is no mutual interference. The decoder must always be installed in an access-protected area, because here the control cables, for example for a door operator or door lock, are connected and the registration/deregistration of transponder keys is possible.

Each transponder key contains an electronic chip which is precoded as a unique specimen from more than 4 billion possibilities and is provided with an identification signal. 1000 memory locations are reserved in the decoder for this very purpose, i.e. you can register a maximum of 1000 transponder keys in the decoder, which following registration allow the output relay there to pick up for a set impulse duration (0.5 ... 90 seconds). The advantage of transponder keys over conventional keys lies in the fact that besides only needing to be held approx. 2 cm in front of the reader to initiate opening, in the event of loss or similar circumstances only the transponder key in question must be deregistered in the decoder, without the remaining keys or lock being affected.

In the ex-factory state the memory locations for the transponder keys are free/deleted. The registration or deregistration of transponder keys as well as changes to the settings remain stored even in the event of a power failure.

Maximum contact load of the output relay (potential-free change-over contact):

Terminal .6	n.c. contact	max. contact load:
Terminal .8	n.o. contact	2,5 A / 30 V DC
Terminal .5	common contact	500 W / 250 V AC

Power input			
Voltage	Stand-by		may
230/240 V AC	1 reader	2 reader	max. 5,9 W ➤
	2,4 W	3,6 W	3,9 11

Power supply: 230/240 V AC (50-60 Hz)

To minimize sensitivity to malfunctions, the earth/ground (PE) should also be connected

2 Operating instructions TTR 1000

Located in the decoder is an input module, fastened to the motherboard, incorporating two 7-segment displays and three buttons ("-", "+" and "P"), via which transponder keys can be registered and deregistered, the impulse duration of the output relay can be set or the entire unit reset to the ex-factory state.

After connecting the power supply and a reader (polarity does **not** need to be observed here), the unit is ready for operation. This and connecting the output relay is shown in the figures enclosed.

Note

One or two readers can be connected, however, only one per connection at any one time.

2.1 Normal operation

When the input module is in the home position (display "- - -", only the two central segments glow permanently), this indicates that the transponder key switch is in the normal operation mode.

Each time a registered transponder key is held approx. 2 cm in front of the reader, the output relay picks up for the set impulse duration and the LED in the reader (only at the primary terminal) briefly lights up. If a **non-**registered transponder key with the correct identification signal is recognized, the LED in the reader flickers (only at the primary terminal); with other identification signals there is no reaction.

2.2 Using the transponder key

Reserved in the decoder are 1000 memory locations (numbered 000 through 999), at each of which a transponder key can be registered. >

02.2008 / TR30G023 RE

With the help of the two 7-segment displays and the three buttons it is possible to check whether a transponder key is assigned to a particular memory location or not (the location would then be either free or deleted). In as far as the location is free or deleted, a transponder key can then be registered there. If it is occupied, it can then be deleted with or without the corresponding transponder key, after which the memory location in question becomes available again for re-assignment. Furthermore, the memory location of a registered trans-ponder key can be identified with this.

Note

It is **absolutely essential** to note for which person and under which memory location a particular transponder key was registered to ensure that in the event that the transponder key gets lost or access for this person is no longer desirable, the respective memory location can be deleted even without the transponder key. A corresponding list has been prepared for you in the appendix.

For all these actions there is a **memory location menu**, which you can access from the home position (display "- - -") as follows:

- Press button "P" for approx. 1 second → the number of the first free memory location appears flashing in the 7-segment displays. If memory location 0 is not yet occupied, this would be shown as "000".
 If none of the memory locations are free, "999" glows permanently.
- Using the "+" or "-" buttons, you can now page through from one memory location to the next (press "+" to increase the number, after "999" the system returns to "000" etc.; press "-" to decrease the number, after "000" the system returns to "999" etc. If the button in question is pressed for longer, you then increase or decrease in increments of 5.
- If the memory location in question is free, the display flashes; however, if it is occupied the memory location number is shown as a static

display. In this way you can check which memory location is free and which is occupied.

- In the memory location menu the LED in the reader lights up briefly
 (only at the primary terminal) whenever a registered transponder key
 is recognized; however the relay does not pick up. If a non-registered
 transponder key with the correct identification signal is recognised,
 the LED in the reader flickers (only at the primary terminal), with other
 identification signals there is no reaction.
- It is possible to quit the memory location menu at any time and return to the normal operation mode by pressing the "P" button for approx. one second.
- You are also automatically returned to the normal operation mode if you are in the memory location menu and between pressing buttons or between the transponder signals more than 90 seconds elapses.

Note

If a large number of transponder keys are to be registered or deregistered, then it is advisable to connect a second reader near the decoder – you can then save yourself a great deal of running about, depending on where the first reader is installed.

2.2.1 Assigning a transponder key to the next free memory location

- Change, if necessary, to the memory location menu (see 2.2).
- Using the "+" or "-" buttons (see 2.2) (only necessary if you wish to register up to or from a particular memory location number), alter the pre-setting of the next free memory location.

Note

It is only possible to register a (as yet) non-registered transponder key if the selected memory location is free or deleted, i.e. the corresponding display must flash!

- Hold the transponder key to be registered approx. 2 seconds in front
 of the reader → the LED in the reader (only at the primary terminal)
 lights up briefly.
- In as far as the transponder key to be registered has **not** been assigned
 to any other memory location in the decoder, the number of the
 memory location, under which the transponder key has just been
 registered, appears as a static display.
- Enter the name of the person, for which the transponder key has been registered, in the list under the memory location number shown as a static display.
- Proceed to register any other not yet registered transponder keys, as required.
- If no further actions are to be carried out in the memory location menu (see 2.2), return to the home position by pressing button "P" for approx. one second.

2.2.2 Identifying and/or deregistering an available transponder key

- Change, if necessary, to the memory location menu (see 2.2).
- Hold the transponder key to be identified and/or deregistered approx.
 2 cm in front of the reader for one to two seconds → the LED in the reader (only at the primary terminal) lights up briefly.
- In as far as the transponder key to be identified and/or deregistered is registered in the decoder, the number of the memory location now appears as a static display, under which the available transponder key is stored.
- The identification process is now completed. If no deregistration is to take place or no further actions are to be carried out in the memory location menu (see 2.2), you can return to the home position by pressing button "P" for approx. one second.

- If, however, the memory location of the transponder key just identified
 is to be deleted, now press the "+" and "-" buttons simultaneously
 for at least one second → afterwards the memory location number
 appears flashing because the memory location in question is now free
 or has been deleted.
- Amend the list of the persons and the memory location numbers accordingly.
- Proceed to deregister any further registered transponder keys as required.
- If no further actions are to be carried out in the memory location menu (see 2.2), return to the home position by pressing button "P" for approx. one second.

2.2.3 Cancelling a non-available transponder key

- Change, if necessary, to the memory location menu (see 2.2).
- Using the "+" or "-" buttons (see 2.2), select the memory location number (shown as a static display) of the memory location that you wish to delete.
- Now press the "+" and "-" buttons simultaneously for at least one second → the memory location number then appears as a flashing display, because the memory location in question is now free or has been deleted.
- Amend the list of persons and the memory location numbers accordingly.
- Proceed to deregister any further registered transponder keys as required.
- If no further actions are to be carried out in the memory location menu (see 2.2), return to the home position by pressing button "P" for approx. one second.

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2.3 Summary of the memory location menu

Display of any	Transponder	Action that is
memory location	key in front of	possible or is
number	the reader	taking place
flashing = free	not registered	Registration, then static
		display of the correspon-
		ding memory location
		number
flashing = free	registered	Identification, then static
		display of the correspon-
		ding memory location
		number
static = occupied	registered	Identification, then static
		display of the correspon-
		ding memory location
		number
static = occupied	without or	Memory location can be
	not registered	deleted, then flashing
		display of the correspon-
		ding number

2.4 Setting the impulse duration

From the home position (display: "- - -"), you can set the impulse duration as follows:

- Press the "+" button for approx. one second → on the left of the 7-segment display a small "d" appears and on the right a number between 0 and 9, representing the set impulse duration.
- Using the "+" or "-" button set the desired impulse duration ("+" increases the number, after the "9" the "0" appears again etc.;
 "-" decreases the number, after the "0" the "9" appears again etc.).

Display	Impulse duration
d 0	0.5 sec. (ex factory state)
d 1	1 sec.
d 2	2 sec.
d 3	5 sec.
d 4	10 sec.
d 5	20 sec.
d 6	30 sec.
d 7	45 sec.
d 8	60 sec.
d 9	90 sec.

 Press button "P" for approx. one second → the displayed impulse duration is stored and you are returned to the home position. You are automatically returned to the normal operation mode if a period of more than 90 seconds elapses between buttons being pressed, in which case any possible change to the impulse duration is not stored.

2.5 Restoring the ex-factory settings

From the home position (display: "- - -"), you can restore the ex-factory settings (all memory locations are free or deleted and the impulse duration = 0.5 seconds) as follows:

- Press the "+" and "-" buttons simultaneously for at least one second → "CA" (clear all) flashes up in the display to query whether everything should indeed be restored/reset.
- If everything is indeed to be restored, you now press the "+" and "-"
 buttons simultaneously for at least one second, after which "CA"
 appears as a static display to indicate that everything has in fact
 been restored.
- By pressing any button, you are returned to the normal operation mode.

If you do not wish to restore the ex-factory settings, instead of
pressing the "+" and "-" buttons twice, press any one button → you
then return to the home position without anything having been
restored. You also return to the home position without restoring, if
a period of more than 90 seconds elapses between buttons being
pressed.

3 List of the memory location numbers, names and remarks

(page 116-118)

No.	Name	Remark
000		

4 EU Manufacturer's Declaration

Manufacturer: Verkaufsgesellschaft KG

Upheider Weg 94-98 D-33803 Steinhagen

Product: Transponder key switch

Unit type: TTR 1000

On the basis of its conception and design as well as in the type marketed by us, the product described above complies with the relevant basic safety and health requirements of the Directives stated below. Any modification made to the product without our express permission and approval shall render this declaration null and void.

Relevant Directives that the product complies with:

EC Directives regarding Electromagnetic Compatibility

EN 61000-6-3 08/2002

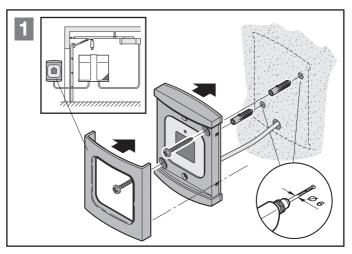
EN 61000-6-1 08/2002

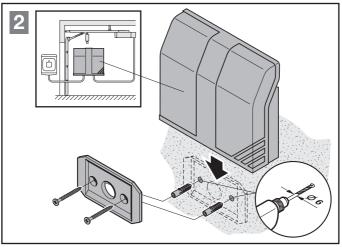
EC Low-Voltage Directive 98/37/EC

Steinhagen, 8th January 2001

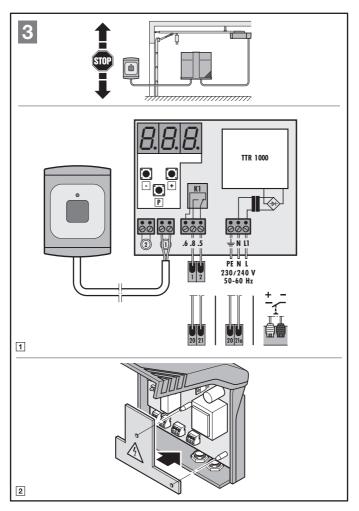
Axel Becker

Management





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118